

## **BUSINESS TRAVEL SCHEME**

### **1. Who this policy applies to**

- 1.1 This policy applies to all employees of the City Council on permanent or temporary contracts, apart from those employed within schools. The general principles also apply to casual workers, consultants, agency workers or any other workers who are undertaking work on behalf of the Council.

### **2. Travel options**

- 2.1 This scheme aims to encourage the most cost-effective solutions when travelling for work purposes whilst reducing the impact of Nottingham City Council business travel on the environment. The choices available are illustrated on the [Business Travel pages](#) on the Intranet.
- 2.2 Business travel is defined as any travel undertaken for work purposes, which excludes commuting.
- 2.3 If you travel for work purposes you should consider whether you need to travel compared with other more sustainable options, including telephone calls or video-conferencing SKYPE or face time, without conflicting with the delivery of Nottingham City Council's business aims. Further guidance can be found on the [Business Travel pages](#).
- 2.4 Rail, fleet cars or car share should be the preferred method for any long distance journeys within mainland UK and where Eurostar could be used for travel to mainland Europe. Flights can be booked if this is the most economic and efficient method of travel. Information on [fleet car hire](#) and on [flight, Eurostar, rail and hotel booking](#) can be found on the Business Travel pages.
- 2.5 For local trips, walking and cycling are encouraged. Using public transport i.e. bus or tram should be used instead of taxis in all but limited circumstances i.e. a small number of business-critical cases related to safety, time, cost or logistical implications, or the need to carry bulky or heavy loads (this does not include items such as briefcases etc. which can be easily carried on public transport). Taxis should be booked through the [Business Travel pages](#).
- 2.6 If you have a disability and you are unable to drive you may use approved taxis for journeys for business use.

### **3. Responsibilities**

- 3.1 Managers are responsible for:
- Making decisions regarding business travel using the most sustainable option balanced with personal safety and time considerations;
  - Undertaking lone person risk assessments if necessary;
  - Authorising payments in a timely manner.
- 3.2 Colleagues are responsible for:
- Choosing the most sustainable travel option balancing personal safety and time



considerations;

- Ensuring all City Council documentation and equipment is protected and secure when using public transport;
- When driving on council business, reading, understanding and complying with the policies concerning driving, including the Driver's License Checking Procedure. These can be found in The Authorised Driver's Handbook (available from Fleet Management);
- Ensuring you have adequate insurance cover for business use;
- Submitting payments in a timely manner on Oracle (in the month after the travel).

## 4. Expenses

4.1 If you travel for work the following costs will be paid:

- Bus and tram by using the Robin Hood card
- In exceptional circumstances where the Robin Hood card cannot be used reimbursement of actual public transport fares through Oracle
- Standard rail fare through [Click travel](#);
- Mileage allowance payments (where an employee is authorised to use their own vehicle for work purposes);
- Cycle rate (when use own cycle or pool bike/citycard cycle)
- Taxi fares only where a suitable alternative (including public transport) is not available or where para 2.5 applies.

4.2 If you have purchased a Robin Hood Card, tram or train pass for home to work and other non-business travel purposes and this pass can also be used during working hours for business journeys you are encouraged to use this card or pass for business travel as no reimbursement of costs will be necessary. These can be purchased through salary sacrifice [here](#).

## 5. Authorised Business Travel

5.1 National Conditions of Service state that 'employees required to use their motor vehicles for the efficient performance of their duties will receive allowances for the use of their motor vehicles on business only after being so authorised by the local authority'

5.2 You may be authorised to use your own car for work purposes where it is required for the effective performance of your duties and where the use of public transport alternatives is not available or would add significantly to the cost of travel or travelling time.

## 6. Journeys to and from work

6.1 Expenses will only be paid for journeys that form part of an employee's employment duties (e.g. journeys between clients' premises or attendance at meetings). Journeys to and from an employee's normal place of work and their home are not covered. Where an employee travels to an alternative work base direct from or to home (e.g. to attend a meeting or meet with a client), only the travel that is in excess of what would



normally be incurred (i.e. between the employee's home and normal place of work) may be claimed.

6.2 The following exceptions will apply:

- An employee who is at home on standby to be recalled to work will be eligible to claim for their mileage if they are called out, e.g. an engineer called out at night to attend to a breakdown.
- Where an employee is required to attend to an emergency, an official meeting or other approved official business from home outside of their normal working hours, the maximum mileage that will be reimbursed will be 20 miles per return journey.

6.3 Where an employee's place of work changes the new place of work will be regarded as their normal place of work after four weeks have elapsed.

## 7. Mileage allowance payments

7.1 If you are authorised to use your own vehicle for work purposes, mileage allowance payments (MAPs) may be claimed in accordance with the rules and rates determined by the HMRC from time to time. Current rates are shown in the table below:

<b>Tax – Rates per business mile</b>		
<b>Type of vehicle</b>	<b>First 10,000 miles</b>	<b>Above 10,000</b>
Cars and vans	45p	25p
Motorcycles	24p	24p
Cycles	20p	20p

7.2 You should claim your mileage using iexpenses on Oracle and this will be approved by your manager. For tax and audit purposes original receipts are required for reimbursement of expenses. You will be informed of any additional documentation required from time to time.

7.3 You will need to submit a VAT receipt (or receipts) with your mileage claim. It does not matter if you purchased fuel for both private and business use; what does matter is that the total on the VAT receipt/s covers the cost of fuel used for the claim. A rough calculation would be to submit VAT receipt/s of at least £10 for every 100 miles of business travel claimed. Managers must only approve mileage claims where a valid VAT petrol receipt is submitted.

7.4 Colleagues who have acquired a car through the City Council's 'carplus' scheme and use this car for business travel purposes, will be entitled to claim for mileage in line with HRMC rates. However, as this vehicle has been acquired through a salary sacrifice scheme it has attracted a tax benefit (Benefit in Kind as defined by HMRC) and therefore, for the purposes of business mileage claims, is viewed as a company car (as it is a lease agreement entered into by the employer). This means that any claims are at a lower rate than those above, as it also does not provide for wear and



tear (as the colleague will be driving a brand new car with all motoring costs included in the monthly salary sacrifice deduction.)

7.5 Colleagues claiming mileage as part of Business Travel will be eligible to claim the lowest HMRC rate, irrespective of engine size of fuel type. Advisory Fuel Rates can be found on the [HMRC](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/advisory-fuel-rates/advisory-fuel-rates-from-1-march-2016) website or by clicking on this link- <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/advisory-fuel-rates/advisory-fuel-rates-from-1-march-2016> . It should be noted that they vary from time to time.

7.6 Colleagues must ensure that their claims are recorded correctly by submitting the information through the iexpenses process. When colleagues provide additional information on each of the listed mileage claims, they should select the “Details” button next to each of their mileage claim entries first. They should then ensure that they select the “Lease” option in the “Type of User” field as selecting any other option will result in an incorrect mileage rate being applied.

## 8. Car Parking Fees

8.1 If you have to pay to park on City Council business actual expenses will be reimbursed provided that they have been reasonably incurred. There is no reimbursement for parking in the City Council boundary as the [Workplace Parking Charging Policy](#) applies. You will need to provide a receipt to claim your car parking fees through Oracle. More information about the Workplace Parking Charge can be found [here](#).

## 9. Former essential car users

9.1 Those employees who were in receipt of the Essential User Car allowance on 31 August 2014 will be able to apply for a loan to purchase a car in accordance with NCC’s Assisted Car Purchase Scheme. NCC’s Insurance Section will be able to supply details of how the scheme operates.

## 10. No Claims Bonus Scheme

10.1 NCC operates a No Claims Bonus Scheme to provide a measure of compensation for loss of bonus or payment of excess or both if you use your vehicle for work. The scheme does not give cover for journeys to and from the work base. For information about the No Claims Bonus Scheme please refer to the ‘Guide to Insurances’ document, which can be found [here](#).

## 11. SLMG employees

11.1 Travel expenses will be paid in accordance with this scheme for authorised travel outside of the County boundary only.

